

## **St Paul's Catholic Primary School**

### **Governors' Written Statement on Behaviour Principles**

#### **Rationale and purpose**

- This Statement has been drawn up in accordance with the Education and Inspections Act, 2006, and DfE guidance (Behaviour and Discipline in Schools, 2012).
- The purpose of the Statement is to provide guidance for the Headteacher in drawing up the school's 'Behaviour and Attendance Policy' so that it reflects the shared aspirations and beliefs of governors, staff and parents for the pupils in the school as well as taking full account of law and guidance on behaviour matters. It is intended to help all school staff to be aware of and understand the extent of their powers in respect of discipline and sanctions and how to use them. Staff should be confident that they have the Governors' support when following this guidance.
- This is a statement of principles, not practice: it is the responsibility of the Headteacher to draw up the school's behaviour policy, though she must take account of these principles when formulating this. The Headteacher is also asked to take account of the guidance in DfE publication Behaviour and Discipline in Schools: a guide for Headteachers and school staff (2012).
- The Behaviour Policy must be publicised, in writing, to staff, parents/carers and pupils at least once a year.

#### **Principles**

The Governors strongly believe that high standards of behaviour lie at the heart of a successful school that enables:

- (a) all its pupils to make the best possible progress in all aspects of their school life and work
- (b) all staff to be able to teach and promote good learning without undue interruption or harassment.

St Paul's Catholic Primary School is an inclusive school and we believe in creating opportunities for all young people to be successful. The Governors are committed to working with our young people, parents and carers and where appropriate with support from internal and external agencies, to modify behaviours and improve progress. We support each pupil to achieve their best and access their learning by striving to provide an appropriate curriculum through the delivery of well-planned lessons. Within this we realise that every pupil has a right to a safe environment, and that the unacceptable behaviour of the individual must not threaten the education or well-being of the school community.

All members of the school community should be free from discrimination of any sort (as laid down in the Equality Act, 2010). To this end the school has a clear and comprehensive Anti-bullying Policy that is known and understood by all and consistently applied and monitored for its effectiveness. Measures to protect pupils from bullying and discrimination as a result of gender, race, ability, sexual orientation or background are clearly set out and regularly monitored for their effective implementation. The school's legal duties under the Equality Act, 2010 in respect of safeguarding, pupils with Special Educational Needs and all vulnerable pupils are set out in the school's policies and known to all staff.

The Governors believe that to promote behaviour for learning teachers must plan demanding, interesting and well-paced lessons which engage pupils. We require teachers and all members of our learning community to have high expectations; to empower themselves by following the school systems, being consistent in the use of the 'Behaviour Policy' using praise frequently to reinforce the behaviour that supports learning.

There is an expectation that incidents of positive and negative behaviour, attendance and punctuality, incidents and concerns are recorded to ensure that both positive and negative behaviours are monitored and will prompt consequences; both rewards and sanctions. Guidance and Welfare support develop and promote good behaviour where pupils may have difficulties.

The Governors expect the Headteacher to include the following in some detail in the Behaviour Policy:

*Pastoral Care for school staff accused of misconduct:* Governors expect the Headteacher to draw on the advice in Dealing with Allegations of Abuse against Teachers and Other Staff guidance document when setting out the pastoral support that school staff should expect to receive if they are accused of misusing their powers. Staff so accused should not be automatically suspended pending an investigation. The policy should outline disciplinary action that will be taken against pupils who are found to have made malicious accusations against school staff.

*Screening and searching pupils:* the reasons for searching pupils should be made explicit, together with details of who may search, where such searching should take place, what will happen to any banned items found as a result of such a search and what sanctions will be applied. It should also be made clear that parents do not have to be informed before search. Governors would expect authorised staff to be appropriately trained in how to carry out a search.

*The power to use reasonable force or make other physical contact:* the situations in which reasonable force may be used (including removing disruptive pupils from classrooms, or preventing them from leaving) should be stated. A definition of 'reasonable force' should be included, which should also explain how and when pupils may be restrained. Governors would expect all staff to be trained in the use of reasonable force and restraint.

*The power to discipline outside the school gates:* disciplining beyond the school gates covers the school's response to all noncriminal bad behaviour and bullying that occurs anywhere off the school premises. The Governors must be satisfied, in all situations arising, that the measures proposed by the head teacher are lawful and that staff and pupils know that sanctions can be applied in these circumstances.

*Multi Agency Assessment:* the stage in which multi-agency involvement should be considered for pupils who display continuous disruptive behaviour is to be explicit in the policy.

Persistent or serious behaviour will lead to fixed term or permanent exclusion from school. The Headteacher will only permanently exclude a student when it has demonstrated that there is no alternative outcome. This sanction is the absolute last resort when all other efforts have been explored (see Exclusion of Pupils Policy).